## SPPU Pune/ Law / LLB III (OLD PATTERN) / 613 / Law of Evidence

Item Text	Option Text 1	Option Text 2	Option Text 3	Option Text 4
The Indian Evidence Act came into				
effect on	1 January 1872	1 October 1872	1 September 1872	1 December 1872
that there are certain things				
arranges in a certain order in a				
certain place is	a fact	an opinion	a document	a motive
			fact, existence or non	
	fact, existence or non-	fact, existence or non	existence of which is	fact, existence or non
	existence of which is	existence of which is	not disputed by the	existence of which is agree
Fact in issue means	admitted by the parties	disputed by the parties	parties	upon by the parties
			must be legally and	
Under the law of evidence, the			logically relevant and	must be legally and logically
relevant fact	must be legally relevant	must be logically relevant	admissible	relevant
		question of law but can		
	question of law and can	be raised at the first		
Relevancy is	be raised at any time	opportunity	question of procedure	question of fact
			A's saying shortly	
			before the incident	
A is accused for murder of B. Which			that he will take	
of the following is NOT a 'relevant	A's going to the field with	A's shopping for clothes a	revenge of his father's	A's fleeing before the police
fact'?	a club	week before the incident	death	arrived at the village
Facts which are the ocassion, cause				
or effect of facts in issue are dealt in	Section 5	Section 6	Section 7	Section 8
Facts necessary to explain or				
introduce relevant facts are relevant				
under	Section 8	Section 9	Section 10	Section 11
	Identification parades are	identification parades of	identification parades	
Under Section 9 of Evidence Act	not relevant	suspects are relevant	of chattels are relevant	both 2 and 3 are relevant
A confession which is firstly made by				
accused but after some time goes				
back and denies it is called	Extra-judicial confession	judicial confession	retracted confession	truncated confession

			date of birth or date of birth depending upon	
The deciding factor under Section	the date of birth of the	date of conception of the	the facts and	
112 of Evidence Act is	child	child	circumstances	discretion of the Court
Presumption under Section 113A is	a conclusive proof	court may presume	court shall presume	prosecution has to prove
Presumption as to Dowry Death				
under Section 113B is	Court Shall presume	court may presume	a conclusive proof	prosecution has to prove
Doctrine of Estoppel is a	rule of pleading	rule of evidence	rule of argument	substantive law
Promissory Estoppel is NOT referred				
as	requisite estoppel	quasi-estoppel	new estoppel	primary estoppel
The Estoppel in Section 115 of the				is an estoppel by
Evidence Act	is an estoppel by deed	is an estoppel by record	is an estoppel by <i>pais</i>	presumption
	upon privies of litigating		upon strangers to the	
Estoppel are binding	parties	upon litigating parties	lis	both 1 and 2
Under Section 120 of the Evidence				
Act, husband and wife both are				
competent witness for and against		in criminal proceedings	in both civil and	in matrimonial proceedings
each other	in civil proceedings only	only	criminal proceedings	only
Previledge in respect of husband and	communication during	Communication before	communication about	communication after
wife under Section 122 relates to	marriage	marriage	marriage	dissolution of mariage
Which section lays down that " no				
public officer shall be compelled to				
disclose communication made to				
him in official confidence"?	Section 122	Section 123	Section 124	Section 125